SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

PRIMER VIKTOR 301

Creation date	23rd January 2026	Version	2.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier — PRIMER VIKTOR 301

Substance / mixture — mixture

UFI — SUT0-508U-C002-X0U6

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Mixture's intended use

Priming and barrier lacquer for aluminum foil.
Intended for professional/industrial use.

Mixture uses advised against

The product should not be used in ways other than those referred in Section 1.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Name or trade name	Viktor Lacquers s.r.o.
Address	U Jatek 1551, Nové Město na Moravě, 59231 Czech Republic
Identification number (CRN)	09344781
VAT number	CZ09344781
Phone	+420 566 618 550
Email	info@viktorlac.com
Web address	www.viktorlac.com

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet

Name	Viktor Lacquers s.r.o.
Email	info@viktorlac.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency number: 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

none

Supplemental information

EUH204	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605. Mixture does not contain any substance meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended. Does not contain any PMT or vPvM components.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture contains these hazardous substances and substances with the highest permissible concentration in the working environment

Identification numbers	Substance name	Content in % weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note
Index: 603-002-00-5 CAS: 64-17-5 EC: 200-578-6	ethanol	3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	
Index: 607-194-00-1 CAS: 108-32-7 EC: 203-572-1	propylene carbonate	0.5-2	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	

Identification numbers	Substance name	Content in % weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note
CAS: 8042-47-5 EC: 232-455-8	White mineral oil	<0.2	not classified as dangerous	
Index: 615-011-00-1 CAS: 822-06-0 EC: 212-485-8	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	<0.005	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 Specific concentration limit: Resp. Sens. 1, H334: C ≥ 0.5 % Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.5 %	2, 3, 4
Index: 613-167-00-5 CAS: 55965-84-9	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310+H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) EUH071 Specific concentration limit: Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.06 % ≤ C < 0.6 % Skin Sens. 1A, H317: C ≥ 0.0015 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.06 % ≤ C < 0.6 % Skin Corr. 1C, H314: C ≥ 0.6 % Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 0.6 %	1

Notes

1 *Note B: Some substances (acids, bases, etc.) are placed on the market in aqueous solutions at various concentrations and, therefore, these solutions require different classification and labelling since the hazards vary at different concentrations. In Part 3 entries with Note B have a general designation of the following type: 'nitric acid … %'. In this case the supplier must state the percentage concentration of the solution on the label. Unless otherwise stated, it is assumed that the percentage concentration is calculated on a weight/weight basis.*

2 *Note 2: The concentration of isocyanate stated is the percentage by weight of the free monomer calculated with reference to the total weight of the mixture.*

3 *A substance for which exposure limits are set.*

4 *The use of the substance is restricted by Annex XVII of REACH Regulation*

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Take care of your own safety. If any health problems are manifested or if in doubt, inform a doctor and show him information from this safety data sheet.

If inhaled

Terminate the exposure immediately; move the affected person to fresh air.

If on skin

Remove contaminated clothes.

If in eyes

Rinse eyes immediately with a flow of running water, open the eyelids (also using force if needed); remove contact lenses immediately if worn by the affected person.

If swallowed

Rinse out the mouth with clean water. In the event of issues, find medical help.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If inhaled

Not expected.

If on skin

Not expected.

If in eyes

Not expected.

If swallowed

Not expected.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Accommodate extinguishing components to the location of fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

not available

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of fire, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases may arise. Inhalation of hazardous degradation (pyrolysis) products may cause serious health damage.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) with chemical resistant gloves. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus and full-body protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Follow the instructions in the Sections 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination of the soil and entering surface or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

After removal of the product, wash the contaminated site with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See the Section 7, 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Prevent formation of gases and vapours in concentrations exceeding the occupational exposure limits. Use personal protective equipment as per Section 8. Observe valid legal regulations on safety and health protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed containers in cold, dry and well ventilated areas designated for this purpose.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

not available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

The mixture contains substances for which occupational exposure limits are set.

European Union **Directive (EU) 2024/869 of the European Parliament and of the Council**

Substance name (component)	Type	Value
hexamethylene−di−isocyanate (CAS: 822−06−0)	OEL 8 hours	10 µg/m3

European Union **Directive (EU) 2024/869 of the European Parliament and of the Council**

Substance name (component)	Type	Value
hexamethylene−di−isocyanate (CAS: 822−06−0)	OEL 15 minutes	20 µg/m3

Notes
The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract.
As NCO.

8.2. Exposure controls

Do not eat, drink and smoke during work. Wash your hands thoroughly with water and soap after work and before breaks for a meal and rest.

Eye/face protection

It is not needed.

Skin protection

When handling in long-term or repeatedly, use protective gloves.

Respiratory protection

Halfmask with a filter against organic vapours or a self-contained breathing apparatus as appropriate if exposure limit values of substances are exceeded or in a poorly ventilated environment.

Thermal hazard

Not available.

Environmental exposure controls

Observe usual measures for protection of the environment, see Section 6.2.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	data not available
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	0 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	100 °C
Flammability	data not available
Lower and upper explosion limit	data not available
Flash point	100 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	data not available
Decomposition temperature	data not available
pH	8 (undiluted)
Kinematic viscosity	data not available
Solubility in water	dispersible
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	data not available
Vapour pressure	data not available
Density and/or relative density	data not available
Relative vapour density	data not available
Particle characteristics	data not available

9.2. Other information

not available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No risks of reactions with other substances are known under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Unknown.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable and no degradation occurs under normal use. Protect against flames, sparks, overheating and against frost.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Protect against strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not developed under normal uses. Dangerous outcomes such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are formed at high temperature and in fire.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazardous substances in concentrations exceeding exposure limits may cause acute inhalation poisoning, depending on the concentration and duration of exposure. No toxicological data is available for the mixture.

Acute toxicity

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met. Data for the components of the mixture are not available.

PRIMER VIKTOR 301						
Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Exposure time	Species	Sex	Value determination
Oral	ATE	6711409 mg/kg				Calculation of value
Dermal	ATE	3355705 mg/kg				Calculation of value
Inhalation (vapor)	ATE	21536 mg/l				Calculation of value

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

Carcinogenicity

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

Toxicity for specific target organ - single exposure

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

Toxicity for specific target organ - repeated exposure

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

Aspiration hazard

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met. Does not contain any components that may cause endocrine disruption for humans.

Other information

not available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data are available for either the mixture or the components.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data are available for either the mixture or the components.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met. Does not contain any PMT or vPvM components.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met. Does not contain any PBT or vPvB components.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met. Does not contain any components that may cause endocrine disruption in the environment.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Hazard of environmental contamination; dispose of the waste in accordance with the local and/or national regulations. Any unused product and contaminated packaging should be put in labelled containers for waste collection and submitted for disposal to a person authorised for waste removal (a specialized company) that is entitled for such activity. Do not empty unused product in drainage systems. The product must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Perfectly cleaned containers can be submitted for recycling.

Waste management legislation

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste, as amended. Decision 2000/532/EC establishing a list of wastes, as amended.

Waste type code

15 02 03 absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing other than those mentioned in 15 02 02

Packaging waste type code

15 02 02* absorbents, filter materials (including oil filters not otherwise specified), wiping cloths, protective clothing contaminated by hazardous substances

(*) - Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC on hazardous waste

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

not subject to transport regulations

14.2. UN proper shipping name
not relevant

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
not relevant

14.4. Packing group
not relevant

14.5. Environmental hazards
not relevant

14.6. Special precautions for user
Reference in the Sections 4 to 8.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
not relevant

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18th December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing the European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Restrictions pursuant to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended

hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

Restriction	Conditions of restriction
74	1. Shall not be used as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 August 2023, unless: (a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the employer or self-employed ensures that industrial or professional user(s) have successfully completed training on the safe use of diisocyanates prior to the use of the substance(s) or mixture (s). 2. Shall not be placed on the market as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 February 2022, unless: (a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the supplier ensures that the recipient of the substance(s) or mixture(s) is provided with information on the requirements referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 and the following statement is placed on the packaging, in a manner that is visibly distinct from the rest of the label information: "As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use". 3. For the purpose of this entry "industrial and professional user(s)" means any worker or self-employed worker handling diisocyanates on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) or supervising these tasks. 4. The training referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 shall include the instructions for the control of dermal and inhalation exposure to diisocyanates at the workplace without prejudice to any national occupational exposure limit value or other appropriate risk management measures at national level. Such training shall be conducted by an expert on occupational safety and health with competence acquired by relevant vocational training. That training shall cover as a minimum: (a) the training elements in point (a) of paragraph 5 for all industrial and professional use(s). (b) the training elements in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 5 for the following uses: — handling open mixtures at ambient temperature (including foam tunnels); — spraying in a ventilated booth; — application by roller; — application by brush; — application by dipping and pouring; — mechanical post treatment (e.g. cutting) of not fully cured articles which are not warm anymore; — cleaning and waste; — any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route;

hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

Restriction	Conditions of restriction
	(c) the training elements in points (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 5 for the following uses: — handling incompletely cured articles (e.g. freshly cured, still warm); — foundry applications; — maintenance and repair that needs access to equipment; — open handling of warm or hot formulations (> 45 °C); — spraying in open air, with limited or only natural ventilation (includes large industry working halls) and spraying with high energy (e.g. foams, elastomers); — and any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route. 5. Training elements: (a) general training, including on-line training, on: — chemistry of diisocyanates; — toxicity hazards (including acute toxicity); — exposure to diisocyanates; — occupational exposure limit values; — how sensitisation can develop; — odour as indication of hazard; — importance of volatility for risk; — viscosity, temperature, and molecular weight of diisocyanates; — personal hygiene; — personal protective equipment needed, including practical instructions for its correct use and its limitations; — risk of dermal contact and inhalation exposure; — risk in relation to application process used; — skin and inhalation protection scheme; — ventilation; — cleaning, leakages, maintenance; — discarding empty packaging; — protection of bystanders; — identification of critical handling stages; — specific national code systems (if applicable); — behaviour-based safety; — certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed (b) intermediate level training, including on-line training, on: — additional behaviour-based aspects; — maintenance; — management of change; — evaluation of existing safety instructions; — risk in relation to application process used; — certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed (c) advanced training, including on-line training, on: — any additional certification needed for the specific uses covered; — spraying outside a spraying booth; — open handling of hot or warm formulations (> 45 °C); — certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed 6. The training shall comply with the provisions set by the Member State in which the industrial or professional user(s) operate. Member States may implement or continue to apply their own national requirements for the use of the substance(s) or mixture(s), as long as the minimum requirements set out in paragraphs 4 and 5 are met. 7. The supplier referred to in point (b) of paragraph 2 shall ensure that the recipient is provided with training material and courses pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 5 in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the substance(s) or mixture(s) are supplied. The training shall take into consideration the specificity of the products supplied, including composition, packaging, and design. 8. The employer or self-employed shall document the successful completion of the training referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5. The training shall be renewed at least every five years. 9. Member States shall include in their reports pursuant to Article 117(1) the following information: (a) any established training requirements and other risk management measures related to the industrial and professional uses of diisocyanates foreseen in national law; (b)the number of cases of reported and recognised occupational asthma and occupational respiratory and dermal diseases in relation to diisocyanates; (c) national exposure limits for diisocyanates, if there are any; (d) information about enforcement activities related to this restriction.

hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

Restriction	Conditions of restriction
	10. This restriction shall apply without prejudice to other Union legislation on the protection of safety and health of workers at the workplace.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

A list of standard risk phrases used in the safety data sheet

EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
EUH204	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H310+H330	Fatal in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Other important information about human health protection

The product must not be - unless specifically approved by the manufacturer/importer - used for purposes other than as per the Section 1. The user is responsible for adherence to all related health protection regulations.

Key to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADR	Agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substance and mixtures
EC	Identification code for each substance listed in EINECS
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods
EU	European Union
EuPCS	European Product Categorisation System
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code For The Construction And Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO	International Maritime Organization
INCI	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients
ISO	International Organization for Standardization

IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
log Kow	Octanol-water partition coefficient
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limits
PBT	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PMT	Persistent, mobile and toxic
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
Resp. Sens.	Respiratory sensitization
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
UN number	Four-figure identification number of the substance or article taken from the UN Model Regulations
UVCB	Substances of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials
VOC	Volatile organic compounds
vPvB	Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
vPvM	Very persistent and very mobile

Training guidelines

Inform the personnel about the recommended ways of use, mandatory protective equipment, first aid and prohibited ways of handling the product.

Recommended restrictions of use

not available

Information about data sources used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

REGULATION (EC) No. 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL (REACH) as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Data from the manufacturer of the substance / mixture, if available - information from registration dossiers.

More information

Classification procedure - calculation method.

Statement

The safety data sheet provides information aimed at ensuring safety and health protection at work and environmental protection. The provided information corresponds to the current status of knowledge and experience and complies with valid legal regulations. The information should not be understood as guaranteeing the suitability and usability of the product for a particular application.